

PROMENADE[®] SC

HERBICIDE

Specimen Label

FOR USE TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND NON-CROP AREAS, †CONIFER AND POPLAR RE-FORESTATION SITES

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Flumioxazin* 42.0%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 58.0%

TOTAL: 100.0%

*[2-[7-flouro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2H-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione]

PROMENADE[®] SC Herbicide contains 4 pounds flumioxazin per gallon.

**Not for use in California*

EPA Reg. No. 81927-78

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

For ≤ 5 Gallon Containers: Shake Well Before Use
For ≥ 5 Gallon Containers: Shake Well, Agitate or Recirculate Before Use

Manufactured for:

Alligare, LLC
 1565 5th Avenue
 Opelika, AL 36801

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes and socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

If not used in accordance with directions on the label, this product is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

This pesticide is toxic to plants. Use strictly in accordance with the drift and run-off precautions on this label in order to minimize off-site exposures.

Under some conditions this product may have a potential to run off to surface water or adjacent land. Where possible, use methods which reduce soil erosion, including no till, limited till and contour plowing; these methods also reduce pesticide run-off. Use of vegetation strips along rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or on the downhill side of fields where run-off could occur will minimize water run-off.

Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix or allow coming in contact with oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the entire label before using this product. Use strictly in accordance with label precautionary statements and directions, and with applicable state and federal regulations.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural crops on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift. Do not enter or allow other to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT

The Buyer and User (referred to collectively herein as "Buyer") of this product must be aware that there are inherent unintended risks associated with the use of this product which are impossible to eliminate. These risks include, but are not limited to, injury to plants and crops to which this product is applied, lack of control of the target pests or weeds, resistance of the target pest or weeds to this product, injury caused by drift, and injury to rotational crops caused by carryover in the soil. Such risks of crop injury, non-performance, resistance or other unintended consequences are unavoidable and may result because of such factors as weather, soil conditions, disease, moisture conditions, irrigation practices, condition of the crop at the time of application, presence of other materials either applied in the tank mix with this product or prior to application of this product, cultural practices or the manner of use or application, (or a combination of such factors) all of which are factors beyond the control of Alligare. The Buyer must be aware that these inherent unintended risks may reduce the harvested yield of the crop in all or a portion of the treated acreage, or otherwise affect the crop such that the additional care, treatment and expense are required to take the crop to harvest. If the Buyer chooses not to accept these risks, THEN DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT. By applying this product Buyer acknowledges and accepts these inherent unintended risks AND TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, AGREES THAT ALL SUCH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE APPLICATION AND USE ARE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER.

Alligare shall not be responsible for losses or damages (including, but not limited to, loss of yield, increased expenses of farming the crop or such incidental, consequential or special damages that may be claimed) resulting from use of this product in any manner not set forth on the label. Buyer assumes all risks associated with the use of this product in any manner not under conditions not specifically directed or approved on the label.

See also **CONDITION OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY** sections of the label for additional information.

TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor, to the extent allowed by applicable law.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

This product is a selective herbicide to maintain bare ground non-crop areas when used in accordance with this label. This product is effective as a preemergence and/or postemergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds.

This product controls weeds by inhibiting protoporphyrinogen oxidase, an essential enzyme required by plants for chlorophyll biosynthesis. Seedling weeds are controlled preemergence when exposed to sunlight following contact with the soil applied herbicide.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 12 fl oz (0.38 lb ai) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 24 fl oz (0.75 lb ai) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 fl oz (0.38 lb ai) per acre or 3 applications at 8 fl oz (0.25 lb ai) per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply PROMENADE SC Herbicide within 30 days.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift from treated areas.
- Do not incorporate into soil after application.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply to moist or wet desirable plant foliage.
- Do not apply within 300 feet of non-dormant pome or stone fruit crops.

USE PRECAUTIONS

- Treatment of powdery, dry soil or light sandy soil, or light sandy soil when there is little to no likelihood of rainfall soon after may result in off target movement and possible damage to actively growing susceptible crops when soil particles are moved by wind or water. Do not apply when these soil and environmental conditions are present.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

This product is a Group 14 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 14 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Avoid the consecutive use of PROMENADE SC Herbicide or other target site of action Group 14 herbicides that might have a similar target site of action, on the same weed species.

PROMENADE SC

Specimen Label

- Use tank mixtures or premixes with herbicides from different target site of action Groups as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use, have different sites of action and are both effective at the tank mix or prepack rate on the weed(s) of concern.
- Base herbicide use on a comprehensive Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program.
- Scout fields prior to application to identify the weed species present and their growth state to determine if the intended application will be effective.
- Scout fields after application to verify that the treatment was effective and to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.

Suspected herbicide-resistant weeds may be identified by these indicators:

- Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
- A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
- Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

Report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to your Alligare LLC retailer, representative or call 888-252-4427. If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide having a different mechanism of action and/or use non-chemicals means to remove escapes, as practical, with the goal of preventing further seed production.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Make the preemergence application of this product prior to weed emergence. Moisture is necessary to activate this product for residual weed control. Moisture is needed to move this product into the soil for preemergence weed control. Dry weather following application of this product may reduce effectiveness.

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

For best results, apply this product to actively growing weeds. Applying this product under conditions that do not promote active weed growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness.

Do not apply this product when the weeds are under stress due to drought, excessive water and extremes in temperatures or disease. This product is most effective when applied under sunny conditions at temperatures above 65° F.

This product is rainfast one hour after application. Do not make applications if rain is expected within one hour of application or efficacy may be reduced.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Important: Thoroughly clean spray equipment, including all tanks, hoses, booms, screens and nozzles. **Do not use spray equipment used to apply this product to apply other materials to any desirable plant foliage.** Equipment with this product's residue remaining in the system may result in crop injury to subsequently treated crops.

SPRAYER PREPARATION

Before applying this product, start with clean, well maintained application equipment. Clean the spray tank, as well as all hoses and booms to ensure no residue from the previous spraying operation remains in the sprayer. Some pesticides, including but not limited to the sulfonyleurea and phenoxy herbicides, are active at very small amounts and can cause crop injury when applied to susceptible crops. Clean the spray equipment according to the manufacturer's directions for the last product used before the equipment is used to apply this product. If two or more products were tank mixed prior to this product's application, follow the most restrictive cleanup procedure.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Fill clean spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
2. Agitate solution. Ensure agitation creates a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
3. If tank mixing this product with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
4. Add any required adjuvants.
5. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. **Continue agitation until all spray solution has been applied.**
6. Mix only the amount of spray solution that can be applied the day of mixing. Apply this product within 48 hours of mixing.

SPRAYER CLEANUP

If spray equipment is dedicated to herbicide applications, use the following steps are to clean the spray equipment:

- Completely drain the spray tank and rinse the application equipment thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.

If spray equipment will be used for purposes other than applying herbicides, it must be thoroughly cleaned following application of this product. Use the following steps to clean the spray equipment:

- Completely drain the spray tank, rinse the sprayer thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.
- Fill the spray tank with clean water and flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles.
- Top off tank, add suitable commercial spray tank cleaning material, following label directions, or add 1 gallon of 3% household ammonia for every 100 gallons of water, circulate through sprayer for 5 minutes, and then flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- Drain tank completely.
- Add enough clean water to the spray tank to allow all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles to be flushed for 2 minutes.
- Remove all nozzles and screens and rinse them with clean water.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT DIRECTIONS

Aerial Applications

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Nozzles must be oriented so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Applications

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or vegetative canopy.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Boom-less Ground Applications:

- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1) for all applications.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Spray Drift Advisories

- THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.
- BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.
- IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE
An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.
Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom
 - Volume - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
 - Pressure - Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
 - Spray Nozzle - Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft
 - Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.
- BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom
Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the target area and have minimal bounce.
- RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft
Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift. When applying aerially, do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- SHIELDED SPRAYERS
Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.
- TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY
When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.
- TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS
Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.
- WIND
Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.
Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.
- Boom-less Ground Applications:
Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.
- Handheld Technology Applications:
Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

PROMENADE SC

Specimen Label

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When this product is applied preemergence or postemergence at directed rates and weed stages, the following grasses, broadleaf weeds are controlled.

TABLE 1. WEEDS CONTROLLED BY THIS PRODUCT

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Alyssum, Hoary	<i>Berteroa incana</i>
Amaranth Palmer Spiny	<i>Amaranthus palmeri</i> <i>Amaranthus spinosus</i>
American Burnweed	<i>Erechetites hieracifolia</i>
Barnyardgrass*	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>
Beggarweed, Florida	<i>Desmodium Tortuosum</i>
Bittercress, Hairy	<i>Cardamine hirsute</i>
Bluegrass, Annual	<i>Poa annua</i>
Burclover, California	<i>Medicago Polymorpha</i>
Carpetweed	<i>Mollugo verticillata</i>
Chamberbitter	<i>Phyllanthus urinaria</i>
Chickweed Common Mouseeear	<i>Stellaria media</i> <i>Cerastium vulgatum</i>
Crabgrass Large* Smooth* Southern*	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i> <i>Digitaria ischaemum</i> <i>Digitaria ciliaris</i>
Croton, Tropic	<i>Croton glandulosus var. septentrionalis</i>
Dandelion*	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>
Dogfennel	<i>Eupatorium capillifolium</i>
Doveweed	<i>Murdannia nudiflora</i>
Eclipta	<i>Eclipta prostrata</i>
Filaree, Redstem*	<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>
Foxtail Bristly* Giant* Green* Yellow*	<i>Setaria verticillata</i> <i>Setaria faberi</i> <i>Setaria viridis</i> <i>Setaria glauca</i>
Galinsoga, Hairy	<i>Galinsoga ciliata</i>
Geranium, Carolina	<i>Geranium carolinianum</i>
Goosegrass*	<i>Eleusine indica</i>
Groundsel, Common	<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>
Groundsel, Tree	<i>Baccharis halimifolia</i>
Henbit	<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>
Horseweed*	<i>Conyza Canadensis</i>
Indigo, Hairy	<i>Indigofera hirsute</i>
Ivy, Ground*	<i>Glechoma hederacea</i>
Jimsonweed	<i>Datura stramonium</i>
Kochia	<i>Kochia scoparia</i>
Kyllinga, Green*	<i>Kyllinga brevifolia</i>
Ladysthumb	<i>Polygonum persicaria</i>
Lambsquarters, Common	<i>Chenopodium album</i>
Lovegrass, California*	<i>Eragrostis diffusa</i>
Liverwort	<i>Marchantia polymorpha</i>
Mallow Common Little Venice	<i>Malva neglecta</i> <i>Malva parviflora</i> <i>Hibiscus trionum</i>
Marsh Parsley	<i>Apium leptophyllum</i>
Mayweed*	<i>Anthemis cotula</i>
Morningglory Entireleaf Ivyleaf Red/Scarlet Smallflower Tall	<i>Ipomoea hederacea var. integruscula</i> <i>Ipomoea hederacea</i> <i>Ipomoea coccinea</i> <i>Jacquemontia tamnifolia</i> <i>Ipomoea purpurea</i>
Moss	<i>Bryum spp.</i>
Mulberry Weed	<i>Fatoua villosa</i>
Mustard Tumble Wild	<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i> <i>Brassica kaber</i>
Nightshade Black Eastern Black Hairy	<i>Solanum nigrum</i> <i>Solanum ptycanthum</i> <i>Solanum sarrachoides</i>
Northern Willowherb	<i>Epilobium ciliatum</i>
Panicum Fall* Texas*	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i> <i>Panicum texanum</i>
Parsley-Peirt	<i>Alchemilla arvensis</i>
Pearlwort, Birdseye*	<i>Sagina procumbens</i>
Pennycress, Field	<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>
Phyllanthus, Longstalked	<i>Phyllanthus tenellus</i>
Pigweed Prostrate Redroot Smooth Tumble	<i>Amaranthus blitoides</i> <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> <i>Amaranthus hybridus</i> <i>Amaranthus albus</i>
Pineapple-weed*	<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>
Plantain Broadleaf* Buckhorn*	<i>Plantago major</i> <i>Plantago lanceolata</i>
Poinsettia, Wild	<i>Euphorbia heterophylla</i>

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Pondweed, Sago	<i>Potamogeton pectinatus</i>
Puncturevine	<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>
Purslane, Common	<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>
Pusley, Florida	<i>Richardia scabra</i>
Ragweed Common Giant	<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> <i>Ambrosia trifida</i>
Redmaids	<i>Calandrinia ciliata</i>
Redweed	<i>Melochia corchorifolia</i>
Rocket, Yellow	<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>
Senna, Coffee	<i>Cassia occidentalis</i>
Sesbania, Hemp	<i>Sesbania exaltata</i>
Shepherd's-Purse	<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>
Sida, Prickly (Teaweed)	<i>Sida spinosa</i>
Signalgrass*	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	<i>Polygonum pennsylvanicum</i>
Sowthistle, Annual	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
Spiderwort, Tropical	<i>Commelina benghalensis</i>
Spurge Petty Prostrate Spotted	<i>Euphorbia peplus</i> <i>Euphorbia humistrata Engelm</i> <i>Euphorbia maculata</i>
Starbur, Bristly*	<i>Acanthospermum hispidum</i>
Tassle-flower	<i>Emilia spp.</i>
Thistle Canada* Russian	<i>Cirsium arvense</i> <i>Salsola iberica</i>
Velvetleaf	<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>
Waterhemp Common Tall	<i>Amaranthus rudis</i> <i>Amaranthus tuberculatus</i>
Woodsorrel, Yellow*	<i>Oxalis stricta</i>

*Preemergence control only.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND NON-CROP AREAS

This product, when used as directed, can be used for non-selective vegetation control to maintain bare ground non-crop areas that must be kept weed-free. Apply this product only to:

- Bare ground under guard rails, above-ground pipelines, and railroad beds, railroad yards and surrounding areas
- Bare ground in parking and storage areas, plant sites, substations, pumping stations, and tank farms
- Bare ground areas of airports, brick yards, industrial plant sites, lumber yards, military installations, and storage areas
- Bare ground around farm buildings, and along ungrazed fence rows, wind breaks and shelter belts
- Road surfaces, improved roadside areas and gravel shoulders.

Follow all applicable directions as outlined above under Product Information. See Table 1 for a list of broadleaf weeds and grasses controlled by this product.

This product offers residual and postemergence control of susceptible broadleaf and grass weeds as well as additional mode of action to assist in the control of ALS (acetolactate synthase) resistant weeds. The length of residual control is dependent on the rate applied as well as on the rainfall and temperature conditions. Length of residual control will decrease as temperature and precipitation increase.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 to 12 fl oz (0.25 to 0.38 lb ai) per acre of this product per broadcast acre as a preemergence application. Make preemergence (to weed emergence) applications of this product to a weed free soil surface. Preemergence applications of this product must be completed prior to weed emergence. Moisture is necessary to activate this product on soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following application of this product may reduce effectiveness. However, when adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, this product will control susceptible germinating weeds.

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 8 to 12 fl oz (0.25 to 0.38 lb ai) per acre of this product per broadcast acre plus an adjuvant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant or 1 quart per acre crop oil concentrate). The addition of an adjuvant enhances this product activity on emerged weeds. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the postemergence activity of this product. Emerged weeds are controlled postemergence with this product, however, translocation of this product within a weed is limited, and control is affected by spray coverage and by the addition of an adjuvant. The most effective postemergence weed control with this product occurs when applied in combination with a surfactant to weeds less than 2 inches in height.

SOIL CHARACTERISTICS

Application of this product to soils with high organic matter and/or high clay content may require higher dosages than with soils with low organic matter and/or low clay content. Application to cloddy seedbeds can result in reduced weed control.

CARRIER VOLUME AND SPRAY PRESSURE

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION

To ensure uniform coverage, use 10 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre. Nozzle selection must meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure directions for preemergence herbicide application.

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

To ensure thorough coverage, use 15 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use 20 to 30 gallons per acre if dense vegetation or heavy residue is present on the soil surface. Nozzle selection must meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure directions for postemergence herbicide application.

PROMENADE SC

Specimen Label

ADDITIVES POSTEMERGENCE

When applying this product after weed emergence, mix with an agronomically approved adjuvant. Use a crop oil concentrate which contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil or a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient when applying this product as part of a postemergence weed control program. Verify mixing compatibility by a jar test before using.

A spray grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2.0 to 2.5 pounds per acre or a 28 to 32% nitrogen solution at 1 to 2 quarts per acre) may be added to the spray mixture along with a crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant to enhance weed control. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant.

JAR TEST TO DETERMINE COMPATIBILITY OF ADJUVANTS AND THIS PRODUCT

When using this product and an adjuvant, including in stale seed bed, layby, hooded/shielded or reduced tillage situations, perform a jar test before mixing commercial quantities of this product, when using for the first time, when using new adjuvants or when a new water source is being used.

1. Add 1 pt of the water to a quart jar. Use water from the same source and temperature as which will be used in the spray tank mixing operation.
2. Add 1 ml of this product to the quart jar for every 3 fl oz of this product per acre being applied (4 mls if 12 fl oz per acre is the desired rate of this product), gently mix until product goes into suspension.
3. Add 60 mls of crop oil to the quart jar or 1 ml of non-ionic surfactant if it is being used in place of oil, gently mix.
4. If nitrogen is being used, add 16 mls of the 28 to 32% nitrogen source to the quart jar. If ammonium sulfate is being used, add 19 g AMS to the quart jar in place of the 28 to 32% nitrogen.
5. Place a cap on jar, invert 10 times, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate.
6. An ideal tank mix combination will be uniform. If any of the following conditions are observed question the choice of adjuvant:
 - a) Layer of oil or globules on the mixture's surface.
 - b) Flocculation: Fine particles in suspension or as a layer on the bottom of the jar.
 - c) Clabbering: Thickening texture (coagulated) like gelatin.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Application equipment must be clean and in good repair. Nozzles must be uniformly spaced on boom and frequently checked for accuracy.

BROADCAST APPLICATION

Apply this product, and this product's tank mixes, with ground equipment using standard commercial sprayers equipped with nozzles designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume.

BAND APPLICATION

When banding, use proportionately less water and this product per acre.

HANDGUN APPLICATION

Applications may also be made using a handgun sprayer. Use a spray volume of at least 40 gallons per acre to ensure uniform coverage.

AERIAL APPLICATION

To obtain satisfactory weed control with aerial applications of this product, uniform coverage must be obtained. Do not spray when drift is possible or when wind velocity is more than 10 mph. Avoid spraying this product within 200 feet of dwellings, adjacent sensitive crops or environmentally sensitive areas. To obtain satisfactory application and drift, the following directions must be observed:

Volume Pressure

Use this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre with a maximum spray pressure of 40 PSI. Application at less than 5 gallons per acre will provide inadequate weed control. Higher gallonage applications provide more consistent weed control.

Nozzles and Nozzle Operation

Use nozzles that produce flat or hollow cone spray patterns. Use non-drip type nozzles, including diaphragm type nozzles to avoid unwanted discharge of spray solution. The nozzle must be directed toward the rear of the aircraft, at an angle between 0° and 15° downward. Do not place nozzles on the outer 25% of the wings or rotors.

Adjuvants

Refer to the additive section or the tank mix partner's label for adjuvant specifications.

TANK MIX APPLICATION

In addition to weeds controlled by this product used alone, tank mixtures with other preemergence and postemergence herbicides registered for use in non-crop areas provide a broader spectrum of weed control. This product must be tank mixed with other non-crop herbicides including, but not limited to those products listed below.

TANK MIX COMBINATIONS FOR NON-SELECTIVE VEGETATION CONTROL

2,4-D	hexazinone	picloram
bromacil	imazapic	pramitol
chlorsulfuron	imazapyr	prodiamine
dicamba	metsulfuron-methyl	simazine
diuron	norflurazon	sulfometuron-methyl
clopyralid	oryzalin	tebuthiuron
glyphosate	pendimethalin	triclopyr

IMPORTANT: Completely read and follow the label of any potential tank mix partner. When using tank mixtures, use conditions must be in accordance with the most restrictive of the label limitations and precautions on either herbicide label.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 fl oz (0.38 lb ai) per acre or 3 applications at 8 fl oz (0.25 lb ai) per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply this product within 30 days.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

'IN CONIFER RE-FORESTATION SITES FOLLOWING TIMBER HARVEST

This product is a preemergence and postemergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds in conifer re-forestation sites following timber harvest operations. This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to transplanting of conifers or as a conifer release treatment after stand establishment.

†Not for use in California

Site Preparation-Application Before Transplanting

Apply 8 to 12 fl oz of this product (0.25 to 0.38 lb ai) per acre. Transplant operations must take place at least 3 months after application. To obtain optimal weed control, apply this product before weed emergence or after a burndown herbicide has controlled existing vegetation. If existing weed canopy is less than 40%, this product may be tank mixed with a burndown herbicide to provide preemergence weed control.

Apply this product in at least 10 gallons of water per acre to achieve uniform spray coverage using ground or aerial spray equipment.

Conifer Release Treatments – Applications only within 3 years after transplanting.

Apply 8 to 12 fl oz of this product (0.25 to 0.38 lb ai) per acre over the top of trees prior to budbreak in the spring or after dormancy in fall. Do not apply this product over the top of trees after budbreak or needle spotting and defoliation may occur. This product will not affect new growth of trees. See Table 2 for a list of tolerant conifers for over the top treatments.

TANK MIXING – Conifer Release Treatments

Certain liquid formulations of other pesticides may increase the postemergence activity of this product, but may also increase the potential for injury when applied over the top of various plants. Therefore, tank mixtures of these materials with this product may be more injurious than this product applied alone and need to be tested to determine if they can be used safely on a widespread basis.

ADJUVANTS – Conifer Release Treatments

When applying as a Conifer Release Treatment, do not mix this product with any adjuvant or fertilizer.

IMPORTANT: When applied as directed, the conifers listed in Table 2 have shown tolerance to this product. However, this product is a very active herbicide. Exercise responsible judgment and caution until familiarity is gained with this product. If a desired conifer species is not listed in Table 2, evaluate the safety of this product on a small number of plants under commercial growing conditions, and monitor plant response for four to six weeks for phytotoxicity. Test this product on a small number of plants to determine if this product can be used safely on a widespread basis. Do not apply this product over the top of conifers until trees have been growing in the treated area for at least one year. The use of nylon mesh wraps, commonly used to deter animal browsing, may increase plant injury if placed on plants after over the top application of this product.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 fl oz (0.38 lb ai) or 3 applications at 8 fl oz (0.25 lb ai) per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply this product within 30 days.

TABLE 2. TOLERANT CONIFER TREE SPECIES

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Arbovitae	
American	<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>
Oriental	<i>Thuja orientalis</i>
Fir	
Concolor	<i>Abies concolor</i>
Cork Bark	<i>Abies lasiocarpa</i>
Douglas	<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>
Fraser	<i>Abies fraseri</i>
Grand	<i>Abies grandis</i>
Noble	<i>Abies procera</i>
Turkish	<i>Abies bommuelleriana</i>
Hemlock	
Eastern	<i>Tsuga Canadensis</i>
Western	<i>Tsuga heterophylla</i>
Juniper	
Blue Star	<i>Juniperus scopularum</i>
Creeping	<i>Juniperus horizontalis</i>
Japanese Garden	<i>Juniperus chinensis</i>
Tamarix	<i>Juniperus Sabina</i>
Pine	
Austrian	<i>Pinus nigra</i>
Eastern White	<i>Pinus strobes</i>
Jack	<i>Pinus banksiana</i>
Japanese Black	<i>Pinus thunbergiana</i>
Loblolly	<i>Pinus taeda</i>
Lodgepole	<i>Pinus contorta</i>
Longleaf	<i>Pinus palustris</i>
Mugo	<i>Pinus mugo</i>
Ponderosa	<i>Pinus ponderosa</i>
Sand	<i>Pinus clausa</i>
Scotch	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>
Shortleaf	<i>Pinus echinata</i>
Slash	<i>Pinus elliotii</i>
Virginia	<i>Pinus virginiana</i>
Spruce	
Blue	<i>Picea pungens</i>
Dwarf Alberta	<i>Picea glauca conica</i>
Norway	<i>Picea abies</i>
Sitka	<i>Picea sitchensis</i>
Yew	
English	<i>Taxus baccata</i>
Japanese	<i>Taxus cuspidata</i>

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN POPLAR PLANTATIONS AND TIMBER RE-FORESTATION SITES

This product is a preemergence and postemergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds in poplar plantations and timber re-forestation sites following timber harvest operations. This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to transplanting of trees or as a release treatment after stand establishment.

†Not for use in California

Site Preparation – Application Before Transplanting

Apply 8 to 12 fl oz of this product (0.25 to 0.38 lb ai) per acre. Transplant operations must take place at least 3 months after application. To obtain optimal weed control, apply this product before weed emergence or after a burndown herbicide has controlled existing vegetation. If existing weed canopy is less than 40%, this product may be tank mixed with a burndown herbicide to provide preemergence weed control.

Apply this product in at least 10 gallons of water per acre to achieve uniform spray coverage using ground or aerial spray equipment.

Release Treatments – Applications Within 3 Years After Transplanting

Apply 8 to 12 fl oz of this product (0.25 to 0.38 lb ai) per acre over the top of trees prior to budbreak in the spring or after dormancy in the fall. Do not apply this product over the top of trees after budbreak or leaf spotting and defoliation may occur. This product will not affect new growth of trees of tolerant poplars for over the top treatments.

TANK MIXING – Poplar Release Treatments

Certain liquid formulations of other pesticides may increase the postemergence activity of this product, but may also increase the potential for injury when applied over the top of various plants. Therefore, tank mixtures of these materials with this product may be more injurious than this product applied alone and need to be tested to determine if they can be used safely on a widespread basis.

ADJUVANTS – Poplar Release Treatments

When applying Release Treatments, do not mix this product with any adjuvant or fertilizer.

IMPORTANT: When applied as directed, poplars (*Populus balsamifera*, *P. niger* and *P. tremuloides*), hybrid poplars (*P. sp. x sp.*), and cottonwoods (*P. deltoides* and *P. trichocarpa*) have shown tolerance to this product. However, this product is a very active herbicide. Exercise responsible judgment and caution until familiarity is gained with this product. Test this product on a small number of plants to determine if this product can be used safely on a widespread basis. Do not apply this product over the top unless trees are more than one year old.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 2 applications at 12 fl oz (0.38 lb ai) per acre or 3 applications at 8 fl oz (0.25 lb ai) per acre per year.
- Do not re-apply this product within 30 days.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

STORAGE

Keep pesticide in original container. Store in a cool, dry, secure place. Do not put formulation or dilute spray solution into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate food or foodstuffs. Do not store or transport near feed or food. Not for use or storage in or around the home. For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[Nonrefillable Containers 5 gallons or less:] [Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons:] [Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.]

[Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons:] [Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.]

CONDITION OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

To the extent consistent with applicable law, upon purchase or use of this product, purchaser and user agree to the following terms:

Warranty: Alligare, LLC (the Company) warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label in all material respects and is reasonably fit for the purpose referred to in the directions for use, subject to the exceptions noted below, which are beyond the Company's control. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the Company makes no other representation or warranty, express or implied, concerning the product, including no implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. To the extent consistent with applicable law, no such warranty shall be implied by law, and no agent or representative is authorized to make any such warranty on the Company's behalf.

Terms of Sale: The Company's directions for use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, and the manner of use or application (including failure to adhere to label directions), all of which are beyond the Company's control. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks are assumed by the user.

Limitation of Liability: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy against the Company for any cause of action relating to the handling or use of this product is a claim for damages, and in no event shall damages or any other recovery of any kind exceed the price of the product which caused the alleged loss, damage, injury or other claim. To the extent consistent with applicable law, under no circumstances shall the Company be liable for any special, indirect, incidental or consequential damages of any kind, including loss of profits or income. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages.

The Company and the seller offer this product, and the purchaser and user accept this product, subject to the foregoing warranty, terms of sale and limitation of liability, which may be varied or modified only by an agreement in writing signed on behalf of the Company by an authorized representative.

PROMENADE® is a registered trademark of ADAMA group company.

EPA 20190918